#### § 170.200

may allow a deviation from the requirements of §§170.180 and 170.185 if the representative determines that the deviation would not decrease the accuracy of the test results.

[CGD 95–028, 62 FR 51218, Sept. 30, 1997, as amended by USCG–2007–0030, 75 FR 78084, Dec. 14, 2010]

# § 170.200 Estimated lightweight vertical center of gravity.

- (a) Each tank vessel that does not carry a material listed in either Table 1 of part 153 or Table 4 of part 154 of this chapter may comply with this section in lieu of §170.175 if it—
  - (1) Is 150 gross tons or greater;
- (2) Is of ordinary proportions and form:
- (3) Has a flush weather deck, one or more longitudinal bulkheads, and no independent tanks; and
- (4) Is designed not to carry cargo above the freeboard deck.
- (b) When doing the calculations required by §§170.170 and 172.065, the vertical center of gravity of a tank vessel in the lightweight condition must be assumed to be equal to the following percentage of the molded depth of the vessel measured from the keel amidship:
  - (1) For a tank ship—70%.
  - (2) For a tank barge—60%.
- (c) As used in this section, molded depth has the same meaning that is provided for the term in §42.13–15(e) of this chapter.

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51010, Nov. 4, 1983, as amended by CGD 85-080, 61 FR 944, Jan. 10, 1996]

## Subpart G—Special Installations

## §170.235 Fixed ballast.

- (a) Fixed ballast, if used, must be-
- (1) Installed under the supervision of the OCMI; and
- (2) Stowed in a manner that prevents shifting of position.
- (b) Fixed ballast may not be removed from a vessel or relocated unless approved by the Coast Guard Marine Safety Center. However, ballast may be temporarily moved for vessel examina-

tion or repair if done under the supervision of the OCMI.

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51010, Nov. 4, 1983, as amended by CGD 88-070, 53 FR 34537, Sept. 7, 1988; CGD 95-028, 62 FR 51218, Sept. 30, 1997; USCG-2007-0030, 75 FR 78084, Dec. 14, 2010]

#### § 170.245 Foam flotation material.

- (a) Installation of foam must be approved by the OCMI.
- (b) If foam is used to comply with §171.070(d), §171.095(c), or §173.063(e) of this subchapter, the following applies:
- (1) Foam may be installed only in void spaces that are free of ignition sources.
- (2) The foam must comply with NPFC MIL-P-21929B (incorporated by reference; see 46 CFR 170.015), including the requirements for fire resistance.
- (3) A submergence test must be conducted for a period of at least 7 days to demonstrate whether the foam has adequate strength to withstand a hydrostatic head equivalent to that which would be imposed if the vessel were submerged to its margin line.
- (4) The effective buoyancy at the end of the submergence test must be used as the buoyancy credit; however, in no case will a credit greater than 55 lbs per cubic foot (881 kilograms per cubic meter) be allowed.
- (5) The structure enclosing the foam must be strong enough to accommodate the buoyancy of the foam.
- (6) Piping and cables must not pass through foamed spaces unless they are within piping and cable trunks accessible from both ends.
- (7) Sample specimens must be prepared during installation and the density of the installed foam must be determined.
- (8) Foam may be installed adjacent to fuel tanks if the boundary between the tank and space has double continuous fillet welds.
- (9) MIL-P-21929B is incorporated by reference into this part.
- (10) The results of all tests and calculations must be submitted to the OCMI.
  - (11) Blocked foam must-
- (i) Be used in each area that may be exposed to water; and